

The Blitz

Indicate (with a T or F) if these statements are TRUE or FALSE.

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| 1 | In 1940 Hitler ordered the German air force to bomb London and other big cities. <input type="checkbox"/> | 11 | People took all their valuable things to the shelters in case their homes were bombed. <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2 | In 1930 Hitler ordered the German air force to bomb London and other big cities. <input type="checkbox"/> | 12 | Some people sang songs to keep everyone cheery and happy. <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3 | People were warned that the German aeroplanes were coming by wailing sirens. <input type="checkbox"/> | 13 | Wardens made sure that during the hours of darkness the black out was put into place. <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4 | Some families built Macdonald shelters in their gardens. <input type="checkbox"/> | 14 | People had special buttons that were luminous so they could be seen in the blackout. <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 | Some families built Anderson Shelters in their gardens. <input type="checkbox"/> | 15 | People could just use their normal curtains during the Blackout. <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6 | Many families went to crowded public shelters. Thousands of people sheltered in the London Underground stations. <input type="checkbox"/> | 16 | The Blackout started on the 1st September 1935. <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 7 | Underground stations were deserted. They were nice and clean. <input type="checkbox"/> | 17 | Only a few families received an air raid shelter. <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 8 | The shelters were named after the British Prime Minister. <input type="checkbox"/> | 18 | Air raids mainly happened at night and many people put bunk beds in their shelters. <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 9 | Over two million shelters were handed out and most of them were free. <input type="checkbox"/> | 19 | For 57 nights thousands of tonnes of bombs rained down on London. <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 10 | People were warned that the German aeroplanes were coming by wailing sirens. <input type="checkbox"/> | 20 | Over 1200 people were killed and 2000 seriously injured. <input type="checkbox"/> |

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| 21 | Shelters protected people from blast damage and falling buildings. <input type="checkbox"/> | 25 | ARP wardens operated sirens. They had to check the blackout and organise rescue work after an air raid. <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 22 | Anderson shelters were found indoors and were like metal cages. <input type="checkbox"/> | 26 | Over 12,000 people were killed and 20,000 were seriously injured. <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 23 | Morrison shelters were found indoors and were like metal cages. <input type="checkbox"/> | 27 | Cities around Britain on the coast were bombed. <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 24 | Shelters were damp and uncomfortable but could protect six people. <input type="checkbox"/> | 28 | Children enjoyed collecting bits of shrapnel as souvenirs of the Blitz. <input type="checkbox"/> |

