



STUDENT'S NAME: _____

10

The End of WWI

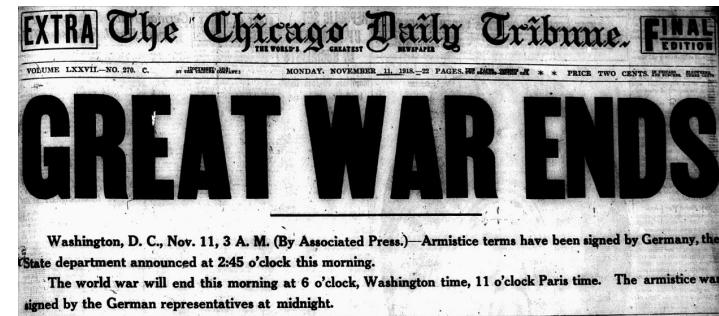
By the end of 1918, the German forces were _____ (because they moved too fast and too far into enemy territory) and they were running out of food and supplies. The Allies pushed them back towards Germany. So, on November 11, 1918 they signed an _____. This is an agreement to stop fighting while a peace treaty is negotiated. The Allies agreed and at 11 AM on November 11, 1918 the fighting in World War I came to an end.

Treaty Negotiations

The Allied Nations met in _____ at the Peace Conference in 1919 to decide the fate of Germany and the Central Powers. Although a number of nations took part in the negotiations, the major decisions and discussions were between the leaders of the "Big Three" nations which included _____ (Prime Minister of France), _____ (Prime Minister of Great Britain), and _____ (President of the United States).

The Treaty of Versailles

The Treaty of Versailles was signed between the Allied Powers and Germany on _____ 1919. This officially ended World War I. The treaty was extremely _____ on Germany. It forced Germany to "accept the responsibility for causing all the loss and damage" of the war. Germany was forced to disarm, give up _____, and had to pay _____ (i.e. money to repair war damage) of 132 billion Marks.



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